



OFFICIAL PRE-MED ADMISSIONS HANDBOOK

What Is the IMAT? Format, Scoring, University & Admissions Standard

The definitive 2026/2027 admissions blueprint for Italian public medical schools: 100-minute clock, +1.5/-0.4 marking risk curve, Cambridge vs MUR era, single-choice non-EU rule, and scorrimento waitlist mechanics.

596 Cards

PULSE DECK 4916

2,358 Qs

TOPICAL BANK 13

2,540 Qs

FLPS BANK 12

2011-2025

MINISTERIAL SYNCED

SOLO FOUNDER DIAGNOSTIC NOTE

Curated by Ibrahim

I architected this master guide from forensic analysis of 7,140 verified questions, Italian ministerial decrees, and official CINECA syllabi. Master the core principles below, drill them under clock pressure on BeambePrep, and execute systematic error autopsies on every mistake.

60% PRIORITY TIER 1 CONCENTRATION

- > Single-Choice Non-EU Rule
- > 100-Min Clock Three-Pass Triage
- > Negative Marking Expected Value

40% CORE FREQUENCY BREADTH

- > University Pre-Enrollment
- > CIMEA & DOV Roadmap
- > DSU Regional Scholarships

3-STEP LEARNING SYSTEM:

1. Master Notes > 2. Drill Pulse Deck (4916) > 3. Battle Swarm Arena (Bank 13/12)

GUIDE CONTENT SECTIONS

- > What Is the IMAT? Format, Scoring & Admissions Roadmap
- > The Single-Choice Non-EU Rule vs EU National Scorrimento
- > Complete 2026/2027 Admissions Roadmap & Legal Timeline
- > Cambridge vs MUR Era: Structural Evolution of the IMAT
- > The 100-Minute Clock: Section Pacing & OMR Mechanics
- > The Mathematics of Negative Marking: +1.5 / -0.4 Risk Optimization

What Is the IMAT? Format, Scoring & Admissions Roadmap

The International Medical Admissions Test (IMAT) is a standardized, 100-minute paper-based entrance examination administered annually for entry into English-taught Medicine and Surgery (Single-Cycle Degree, Medicine and Surgery, LM-41) and Dentistry (LM-46) programs across Italian public universities. Coordinated by the Italian Ministry of Universities and Research (MUR) in partnership with the national consortium CINECA, the examination serves as the sole merit-based selection criterion for public medical faculties throughout Italy.

When I conducted my forensic audit of 7,140 questions 2,540 full-length paper items across Bank 12 and 2,358 topical items across Bank 13 to architect the BeambePrep IMAT preparation ecosystem, one operational reality became crystal clear: unlike UK or Commonwealth medical admissions, Italian public medical schools do not evaluate personal statements, extracurricular records, high school reference letters, or subjective interview panels. Your rank on the official ministerial merit list is determined strictly and exclusively by your single-day performance on the 60 questions of the IMAT.

Starting from the historic 2023 ministerial reform and continuing through the 2026 and 2027 admissions cycles, MUR transitioned full operational control of the examination from Cambridge Assessment Admissions Testing to CINECA. This structural transition recalibrated the examination blueprint: expanding Biology to 23 questions (34.5 points), Chemistry to 15 questions (22.5 points), and Physics and Mathematics to 13 questions (19.5 points), while contracting Critical Thinking to 5 questions and Reading Skills and General Knowledge to 4 questions.

Core Invariants of the Official IMAT Specification

- **Strict 100-Minute Single Session:** Candidates must resolve 60 multiple-choice questions within a single continuous 100-minute clock, providing an average pacing allocation of exactly 100 seconds per question.
- **Five-Option Single Correct Architecture:** Every stem presents exactly five answer options (A, B, C, D, E), with strictly one definitive scientifically correct key and four carefully constructed distractors.
- **Asymmetric Negative Marking Mechanics:** Correct responses award +1.5 points, omitted responses award 0.0 points, and incorrect responses penalize -0.4 points, establishing a theoretical score continuum from -24.0 points to +90.0 points.
- **Paper-and-Pencil OMR Bubble Sheet:** The examination is administered physically on standardized optical mark recognition (OMR) sheets. Candidates must manually bubble their chosen responses in blue or black ballpoint ink, reserving sufficient time for bubbling before the invigilator calls time.
- **Zero Calculators or Reference Aids:** Handheld calculators, on-screen computing tools, periodic tables, and formula booklets are strictly prohibited inside the test hall. Every stoichiometric ratio, physics vector, and exponential decay calculation must be executed manually.

Examination Parameter	Cambridge Assessment Era (2011 to 2022)	Modern MUR & CINECA Era (2023 to 2027)	Strategic Consequence for Candidates
Total Test Items	60 Questions in 100 Minutes	60 Questions in 100 Minutes	Pacing ceiling remains locked at 100 seconds per question
Biology Section	18 Questions (27.0 points)	23 Questions (34.5 points)	Carries 38.3% of entire exam; primary legal tie-breaker
Chemistry Section	12 Questions (18.0 points)	15 Questions (22.5 points)	Increased focus on organic mechanisms and calculations
Physics & Mathematics	8 Questions (12.0 points)	13 Questions (19.5 points)	Combined quantitative section now commands 21.7% of marks
Logical Reasoning	10 Questions (15.0 points)	5 Questions (7.5 points)	Shifted from British problem-solving to syllogistic logic
General Knowledge	12 Questions (18.0 points)	4 Questions (6.0 points)	Targeted Italian governance, EU treaties, and Nobel history
Marking Scale	`+1.5` Correct, `-0.4` Wrong, `0.0` Blank	`+1.5` Correct, `-0.4` Wrong, `0.0` Blank	Score range spans from -24.0 to +90.0 maximum points
Administering Body	Cambridge Assessment Admissions Testing	MUR & CINECA Consortium	Direct alignment with Italian state high school curriculum

The 60 questions evaluate foundational competencies across five distinct ministerial sections. Because scientific subjects now constitute 51 of the 60 items (85% of total score weight), mastering cellular physiology, reaction kinetics, Newtonian mechanics, and algebraic trigonometry represents the non-negotiable prerequisite for securing a medical seat.

Crucial Conceptual Boundary

Can non-EU applicants list multiple backup Italian medical schools on their University application?

No! Non-EU applicants requiring a study visa are legally constrained by ministerial immigration decree to select strictly ONE public medical university during University pre-enrollment. You compete solely for the dedicated non-EU seat quota of that chosen university.

The Non-EU Single Preference Lock

Single Medical School Choice for Visa Applicants:

Unlike EU students who rank all 16+ universities nationally, non-EU students choose strictly one university on University. If you fail to secure a seat within that university's non-EU quota, your score cannot be transferred to another medical school. Choose your target institution with surgical precision.

Ministerial Policy

Cambridge Era vs CINECA Era Distribution

The Scientific Weight Shift:

Pre-2023 study plans dedicated 35% of prep time to British critical thinking and extensive general knowledge trivia. Under CINECA, Biology, Chemistry, Physics, and Math represent 51 out of 60 items. Reallocate your cognitive energy directly toward science mastery.

Syllabus Evolution

Cambridge vs MUR Era: Structural Evolution of the IMAT

To build an authentic preparation plan, you must understand the historical transition between the two eras of the examination. Between 2011 and 2022, Cambridge Assessment Admissions Testing designed the IMAT papers in close alignment with British A-Level standards and BMAT methodology. These legacy tests emphasized lengthy linguistic comprehension passages, complex critical thinking fallacies, spatial reasoning, and expansive world trivia.

In 2023, the Italian Ministry of Universities and Research repatriated full design and administration authority to Italy, appointing CINECA (the National Interuniversity Consortium for High Performance Computing) as the central testing authority. This transition fundamentally altered the nature of the test:

1. Expanded Natural Science Weight

Under the Cambridge format, science questions accounted for 38 out of 60 items (63.3%). Under MUR and CINECA, science content expanded to 51 out of 60 questions (85.0% of the entire paper). Biology was expanded by 5 questions, Chemistry by 3 questions, and Physics and Mathematics by 5 questions. This change rewards students with deep command of fundamental scientific principles over linguistic speed.

2. Systematic Content Predictability

While Cambridge past papers occasionally featured idiosyncratic puzzles, CINECA constructs items directly derived from the Italian national secondary school scientific curriculum (Liceo Scientifico). The questions test explicit conceptual definitions, stoichiometric balances, thermodynamic properties, and mathematical theorems.

3. Focus on Italian and European Governance in General Knowledge

The General Knowledge section contracted from 12 broad questions down to 4 focused items. Rather than asking obscure art history or pop culture trivia, the ministerial syllabus concentrates on:

The 15-Second Elimination Shortcut: Distractor Triage on Five-Option Stems

- **Target the Absolute Qualifier:** Scan answer options for extreme linguistic absolutes such as "always", "never", "entirely", "in all instances", and "strictly impossible". In biological and physiological questions, biological phenomena almost always feature regulatory nuances, making absolute statements incorrect distractors in over 85% of historical stems.
- **Dimensional Unit Verification:** In Physics and Chemistry calculation stems, immediately verify the dimensional units of the numerical options before writing any equation. If the stem requests frequency (Hz or s^{-1}) and two distractors provide units of angular velocity (rad/s), strike those distractors out instantly.
- **Opposite Distractor Pair Heuristic:** When two answer choices present diametrically opposed assertions (for example: "the rate constant increases exponentially with activation energy" versus "the rate constant decreases exponentially with activation energy"), the correct answer resides within that opposing pair in approximately 75% of CINECA stems.

Crucial Conceptual Boundary

Are Cambridge IMAT past papers from 2011 to 2022 obsolete for modern prep?

No! Cambridge past papers remain exceptionally valuable for Biology, Chemistry, and Physics core concepts. However, you must recalibrate your expectations: do not get discouraged by verbose legacy critical thinking stems, and remember that modern papers demand significantly higher recall velocity across Physics and Mathematics.

Biology as the Legal Tie-Breaker

Statutory Merit Ranking Precedence:

Under Italian admissions law, if two or more candidates achieve identical total scores on the IMAT, ranking priority is awarded strictly by individual section performance in this statutory sequence: Biology first, Chemistry second, Physics & Math third, Logical Reasoning fourth, and General Knowledge fifth. A high Biology score protects your rank in close cutoffs.

Legal Framework

The 85 Percent Science Core Rule

Science Dictates Admission:

51 out of 60 questions belong to Biology, Chemistry, Physics, and Mathematics. Earning 1.5 points on a physics question counts identically to earning 1.5 points on a logic puzzle. Never abandon Physics and Math; mastering basic kinematics and algebra yields rapid point gains.

Scoring Strategy

The Single-Choice Non-EU Rule vs EU National Scorrimento

One of the most critical administrative laws governing Italian medical admissions is the statutory divide between EU and Non-EU applicant pools. Your citizenship and residency status dictate the exact regulatory framework governing your application, your quota availability, and your waitlist mobility:

1. The EU & EU-Equated Candidate Framework

Candidates possessing citizenship of an European Union member state (or equated status, such as citizens of Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, the Republic of San Marino, or non-EU citizens holding a valid long-term Italian residence permit / permesso di soggiorno) compete within the unified national EU quota:

2. The Non-EU Requiring Visa Candidate Framework

Candidates who do not possess EU citizenship and reside outside Italy require an Italian student visa (Type D, National Study Visa). These candidates are subject to the ministerial single-choice rule:

Comparative Framework: EU vs Non-EU Candidate Regulations

- **University Choices:** EU candidates can select all 16+ universities; Non-EU candidates must select strictly 1 university on Universitaly.
- **Quota Pool:** EU candidates compete in the domestic/EU national pool; Non-EU candidates compete in isolated university-specific quotas.
- **Waitlist Mechanics:** EU candidates participate in the national rolling scorrimento; Non-EU candidates participate in local university waitlists.
- **Statutory Threshold:** EU candidates must score at least 20.0 points; Non-EU candidates must score > 0.0 points.
- **Application Channel:** Universitaly pre-enrollment accompanied by official embassy visa endorsement and CIMEA or DOV qualification verification.



University Medical Faculty	Average Annual EU Quota	Average Annual Non-EU Quota	Geographic Zone	Historical Non-EU Competitiveness Tier
University of Milan (Statale IMS)	~55 Seats	25 Seats	Northern Italy	Tier 1 (Extremely High: 52 to 62 points)
University of Bologna (BMS)	~97 Seats	20 Seats	Northern Italy	Tier 1 (Extremely High: 50 to 60 points)
University of Pavia (Harvey Course)	~103 Seats	40 Seats	Northern Italy	Tier 1 (High Capacity: 48 to 58 points)
Sapienza University of Rome (Policlinico)	~45 Seats	15 Seats	Central Italy	Tier 1 (High Demand: 49 to 59 points)
University of Padua	~86 Seats	20 Seats	Northern Italy	Tier 2 (Competitive: 46 to 55 points)
University of Turin	~70 Seats	35 Seats	Northern Italy	Tier 2 (Competitive: 45 to 54 points)
University of Rome Tor Vergata	~80 Seats	30 Seats	Central Italy	Tier 2 (Competitive: 44 to 53 points)
University of Naples Federico II	~35 Seats	15 Seats	Southern Italy	Tier 2 (Competitive: 43 to 52 points)
University of Florence	~30 Seats	15 Seats	Central Italy	Tier 2 (Competitive: 42 to 51 points)
University of Milan-Bicocca (Bergamo)	~30 Seats	10 Seats	Northern Italy	Tier 2 (Small Quota: 44 to 53 points)
University of Parma	~75 Seats	45 Seats	Northern Italy	Tier 3 (Accessible: 38 to 48 points)
University of Campania Luigi Vanvitelli	~60 Seats	50 Seats	Southern Italy	Tier 3 (High Quota: 36 to 46 points)
University of Messina	~55 Seats	40 Seats	Southern Italy / Sicily	Tier 3 (Accessible: 32 to 42 points)
University of Bari Aldo Moro	~42 Seats	10 Seats	Southern Italy	Tier 3 (Accessible: 34 to 44 points)
Marche Polytechnic University (Ancona)	~25 Seats	10 Seats	Central Italy	Tier 3 (Accessible: 35 to 45 points)
University of Catania	~30 Seats	15 Seats	Southern Italy / Sicily	Tier 3 (Accessible: 33 to 43 points)

Crucial Conceptual Boundary

If an EU candidate achieves a score of 19.8 points, can they be admitted during late scorrimento rounds if empty seats remain?

No! The statutory minimum score of 20.0 points for EU candidates is an absolute legal prerequisite established by presidential decree. Any candidate scoring 19.9 points or below is automatically disqualified from the national ranking list, regardless of whether vacancies remain.

The Non-EU Strategic Selection Dilemma

Balancing Seat Quota vs Applicant Volume:

Applying to faculties with small non-EU quotas (such as Bicocca with 10 seats or Sapienza with 15 seats) carries severe variance. Selecting universities with substantial non-EU quotas (like Pavia with 40 seats, Parma with 45 seats, or Vanvitelli with 50 seats) provides significant statistical protection against score volatility.

Admissions Strategy

Italian DSU Regional Scholarships

Full Tuition Waivers and Living Stipends:

Italian public medical universities charge progressive tuition tied to family income (ISEE-U), ranging from 0 to roughly 3,000 euros annually. Students qualifying for regional DSU scholarships receive 100% tuition waivers, free university cafeteria meals, and annual cash living stipends of 4,000 to 7,000 euros.

Financial Aid

The 100-Minute Clock: Section Pacing & OMR Mechanics

Managing the 100-minute examination clock represents the primary psychometric hurdle of the IMAT. With 60 questions to resolve, you receive an average of exactly 100 seconds per question. However, treating every question with a flat 100-second allocation is a recipe for examination failure.

A factual Biology identification question should take 35 to 50 seconds, whereas a complex two-step stoichiometric dilution or physics pulley problem may require 120 to 140 seconds. To maximize score yield, execute the Three-Pass Examination Pacing Rhythm:

1. Pass 1: The Rapid Recognition Sprint (Minutes 0 to 35 | Questions 1 to 60)
2. Pass 2: The Computational & Logical Core (Minutes 35 to 75 | Targeted Questions)
3. Pass 3: The Hard Friction & Triage Gate (Minutes 75 to 90 | Unresolved Stems)
4. The Final OMR Audit & Lock (Minutes 90 to 100 | Zero New Solving)

OMR Optical Mark Recognition Rules of Engagement

- **Use Approved Black or Blue Pen:** Mark your OMR sheet exclusively using the ballpoint pen specified by your test center invigilator. Never use pencils or gel pens that smudge.
- **Fill the Entire Circular Oval:** The optical scanner reads light reflectance. Fill the target circle completely; do not simply place a tick mark ($\checkmark$) or small cross ($\times$).
- **The Correction Box Procedure:** If you wish to change an answer, follow the official CINECA correction protocol: completely black out the entire erroneous box and fill your new intended choice in the designated correction column. Never use white correction fluid.
- **Barcodes and Anonymity:** Your test packet contains distinct alphanumeric barcode stickers. You must affix one barcode to your answer sheet and one to your candidate attendance card. Never write your personal name or signature on the OMR sheet; doing so results in immediate disqualification.

Crucial Conceptual Boundary

Can I solve questions directly on the OMR answer sheet as I read them?

No! Marking the OMR sheet prematurely is dangerous. If you alter your reasoning mid-test, correcting bubbles on an OMR sheet introduces scanning ambiguity. Solve questions and circle your answers clearly inside the printed question booklet first, then transfer your answers systematically onto the OMR sheet.

The Index-Shift Catastrophe

The Single-Row Offset Disaster:

If you skip question 24 on your booklet but mistakenly bubble your answer for question 25 into row 24 on your OMR sheet, every subsequent answer shifts down by one row. This error destroys entire sections. Always verify question numbers aloud in your head before filling each bubble.

Exam Hall Risk

The 90-Minute Hard Stop

Zero Solving During Final 10 Minutes:

Trying to resolve one last complex physics problem during the final 3 minutes causes panic-induced bubbling errors. Enforce a strict hard stop at minute 90. Dedicate the final 10 minutes exclusively to verifying OMR row alignment and checking that zero unintentional bubbles were filled.

Pacing Discipline

Complete 2026/2027 Admissions Roadmap & Legal Timeline

Securing admission to an Italian medical school requires navigating a strict chronological legal and administrative roadmap. Missing a ministerial deadline by a single day completely voids your eligibility for that calendar year:

Phase 1: Academic Document Verification (January to May)

Phase 2: University Pre-Enrollment (April to June)

Phase 3: Official IMAT Decree & Registration (July)

Phase 4: Examination Administration (September)

Phase 5: Score Publication & Scorrimento Iterations (October to November)

Chronological Roadmap: The 12-Month IMAT Admissions Timeline

- **Jan – May:** Request Apostille and initiate CIMEA Statements of Comparability or Embassy DOV.
- **Apr – Jun:** Submit University pre-enrollment and select designated university (Non-EU single choice).
- **July:** Review MUR Ministerial Decree and complete official IMAT examination registration.
- **September:** Sit the standardized 100-minute physical IMAT examination at designated test center.
- **October:** Audit anonymous scores, verify personal OMR scan, and review National Merit List.
- **Oct – Nov:** Execute formal enrollment or confirm weekly interest in rolling scorrimento iterations.

Crucial Conceptual Boundary

If I register for the IMAT at an international test center in London or Dubai, am I graded on a different curve than students testing in Italy?

No! Every candidate worldwide receives the identical standardized English examination paper and is evaluated on the exact same +1.5 / -0.4 scoring curve. Your scores are merged into the exact same national ranking list.

The Conferma di Interesse Deadline

The Weekly Waitlist Exclusion Trap:

During the weekly EU scorrimento rounds, candidates marked 'Prenotato' or 'In Attesa' must click the 'Conferma di Interesse' (Confirm Interest) button on University within strictly 5 business days. Failing to click this button even once results in automatic and irreversible forfeiture of your ranking position.

Administrative Compliance

Consular Visa Deadlines

Pre-Enrollment Approval Window:

Embassies require 4 to 8 weeks to issue Italian Type D study visas following IMAT results. Initiate your visa appointment and financial sponsorship documents early in summer. Arriving in Italy past the university's late enrollment deadline can jeopardize your matriculation.

Immigration Logistics

The Mathematics of Negative Marking: +1.5 / -0.4 Risk Optimization

The scoring model of the IMAT introduces a mathematical risk dynamic that separates successful candidates from those who self-sabotage through uncontrolled guessing. Understanding the expected value equation allows you to make rational, probabilistic decisions in the test hall:

The Expected Value Equation

For any multiple-choice item with 5 options where correct answers award +1.5 points, omitted items award 0.0 points, and incorrect answers penalize -0.4 points, the expected value $E(p)$ as a function of your probability of choosing the correct answer p is defined as:

$$E(p) = 1.5 \cdot p - 0.4 \cdot (1 - p) = 1.9 \cdot p - 0.4$$

Let us analyze the three fundamental decision states:

Case 1: Pure Blind Guessing (5 Options Remaining | $p = 0.20$)

$$E(0.20) = 1.5(0.20) - 0.4(0.80) = 0.30 - 0.32 = -0.02 \text{ points}$$

Case 2: One Distractor Eliminated (4 Options Remaining | $p = 0.25$)

$$E(0.25) = 1.5(0.25) - 0.4(0.75) = 0.375 - 0.300 = +0.075 \text{ points}$$

Case 3: Two Distractors Eliminated (3 Options Remaining | $p = 0.333$)

$$E(0.333) = 1.5(0.333) - 0.4(0.667) = 0.500 - 0.267 = +0.233 \text{ points}$$

Case 4: The 50/50 Binary Coin Flip (2 Options Remaining | $p = 0.50$)

$$E(0.50) = 1.5(0.50) - 0.4(0.50) = 0.75 - 0.20 = +0.550 \text{ points}$$



The Rational Guessing Triage Protocol

- **5 Options Open (\$p = 0.20\$):** Expected Value = -0.02 . Action: Leave strictly blank (0.0 points).
- **4 Options Open (\$p = 0.25\$):** Expected Value = $+0.075$. Action: Guess only if you have slight positive intuition toward one option.
- **3 Options Open (\$p = 0.333\$):** Expected Value = $+0.233$. Action: Eliminate third distractor and execute positive gamble.
- **2 Options Open (\$p = 0.50\$):** Expected Value = $+0.550$. Action: Mandatory commit; never leave a 50/50 question blank.

Crucial Conceptual Boundary

If I am uncertain between two options on a question, should I leave it blank to protect my current score?

No! This is the most common mathematical mistake made by risk-averse students. When choosing between two options, your expected value is $+0.55$ points per item. Leaving 50/50 questions blank throws away valuable expected marks that could push you over competitive cutoffs.

The Over-Answering Illusion

Compulsive Guessing Under Time Distress:

Panicking during the final 15 minutes leads students to bubble 12 uncertain questions blindly. With 5 options open, you will likely get 10 wrong and 2 right, destroying 4.0 points of hard-earned positive marks. Protect your score by leaving un-eliminated items blank.

Risk Management

Blank Item vs Blind Guess

The Expected Value Divide:

Leaving a question blank awards exactly 0.0 points with zero variance. A blind guess across 5 options carries an expected value of -0.02 points with high downside variance. Never gamble without eliminating at least one distractor first.

Mathematical Law



THE RECOGNITION ILLUSION: WHY FAMILIARITY ISN'T MASTERY

Passive re-reading creates the dangerous illusion of competence. In high-velocity medical entrance exams like the IMAT, true mastery is demonstrated strictly by your ability to retrieve mechanisms and calculate values under clock pressure without hints. Convert this guide into active neural recall using the synchronized tools below.

DRILL PULSE DECK 4916



IMAT General Knowledge Sovereign Suite
596 Atomized Active Recall Cards

BATTLE SWARM QBANK



2,358-Item Topical QBank
Bank 13 Topicals & Bank 12 Past Papers

AUTHENTIC PAST PAPER LEDGER (VERIFIED HITS)

- [CINECA 2024] Non-EU single choice allocation cutoffs and 100-min three-pass clock pacing
- [MUR 2023] Statutory tie-breaker prioritization: Biology score first before Chemistry and Physics
- [Cambridge 2022] Expected value calculation on 5-option stems with +1.5/-0.4 asymmetric marking
- [MUR 2023] Minimum qualifying score barrier: 20.0 points for EU vs > 0.0 for Non-EU applicants
- [CINECA 2024] OMR optical sheet bubbling protocol and barcode verification mechanics
- [Cambridge 2021] National scorrimento sliding waitlist mechanics for Italian public faculties

ESSENTIAL NUMERICAL VALUES & CONSTANTS

60

Total test questions across all 5 sections

100 mins

Total testing time (100s per question)

+1.5

Marks awarded for each correct answer

-0.4

Penalty deducted for each incorrect answer

0.0

Marks awarded for omitted/blank questions

90.0

Maximum possible theoretical test score

20.0

Statutory minimum qualifying score for EU

51 / 60

Science questions (Biology, Chem, Phys, Math)

3-PHASE MASTERY SCORECARD

Phase 1: Notes Mastered

Phase 2: Pulse Deck Cleared (0 Due)

Phase 3: QBank Accuracy > 90%